The Treaty of Versailles

The aftermath of world war i

OF MOVED MOUNT

EFFECTS IN EUROPE





The most devastating effect was in the massive loss of life

14 MILLION KILLED, 7 MILLION DISABLED

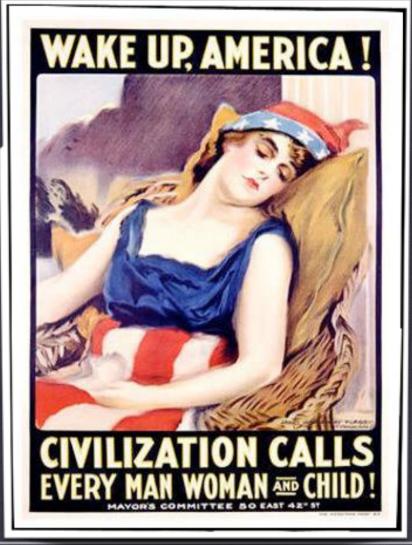
The worldwide economy was destroyed resources, manufacturing,

AGRICULTURE, CURRENCY WERE IN RUINS

Imperial governments and Monarchies came crashing down Austrian—Hungarian Empire, Ottoman Empire, Russian Czar, German Kaiser Were Dissolved/Deposed



EFFECTS IN AMERICA



The world economy in ruins, US became an economic superpower American manufacturing, farming, shipping made \$\$\$ During the war

With the war over, US farms & manufacturers had surpluses
FARMERS & FIRMS WERE LEFT WITH
MASSIVE LOAMS AND LITTLE REVENUE

AMERICANS OVERWHELMINGLY
desired a move to isolationism
Wilson sought to secure a lasting
PEACE, Americans wanted to enjoy
THE VICTORY IN THE GREAT WAR

WHICH BRINGS US TO... The Peace

PARIS PEACE CONFERENCE





President Wilson immediately pushed his plans for a lasting peace

STEEPED IN HIS MORAL DIPLOMACY, HE BELIEVED US SHOULD LEAD THE WAY

1919 - WILSON travels to Paris to the peace talks at Palace of

Versailles

THE FIRST SITTING PRESIDENT TO TRAVEL TO EUROPE, WILSON IS GREETED AS A HERO BY EUROPEANS





PARIS PEACE CONFERENCE



WILSON and the victorious Allied leaders led the talks as The Big

Four"

US, UK, FRANCE, AND ITALY

DOMINATED THE TALKS

RUSSIA WASN'T PRESENT AND GERMANY

WASN'T INVITED

Opinions varied on how to reach a

Lasting peace Some wanted to severely punish

GERMANY FOR THE WAR AND ITS

AFFECTS

SOME WANTED TO SHOW LENIENCY AS

TO EASE THE HEALING PROCESS

BUT WILSON SUBMITTED A PLAN FOR PEACE THAT HE HAD DESIGNED...

he believed that punishment would hurt chances for Lasting Peace



his Plan focused on cooperation, Recovery, and order



AND IT WAS CALLED ...

THE FOURTEEN POINTS



The First Four Points

OPEN DIPLOMACY, FREEDOM OF THE SEAS, FREE TRADE, AND DISARMAMENT

The Fifth Point

PROPOSED A FAIR VOTING SYSTEM ON SETTLING CONFLICTS OVER COLONIES

Points Six through Thirteen

DEALT W/ THE RIGHTS OF PEOPLE TO DECIDE THEIR OWN POLITICAL SYSTEMS

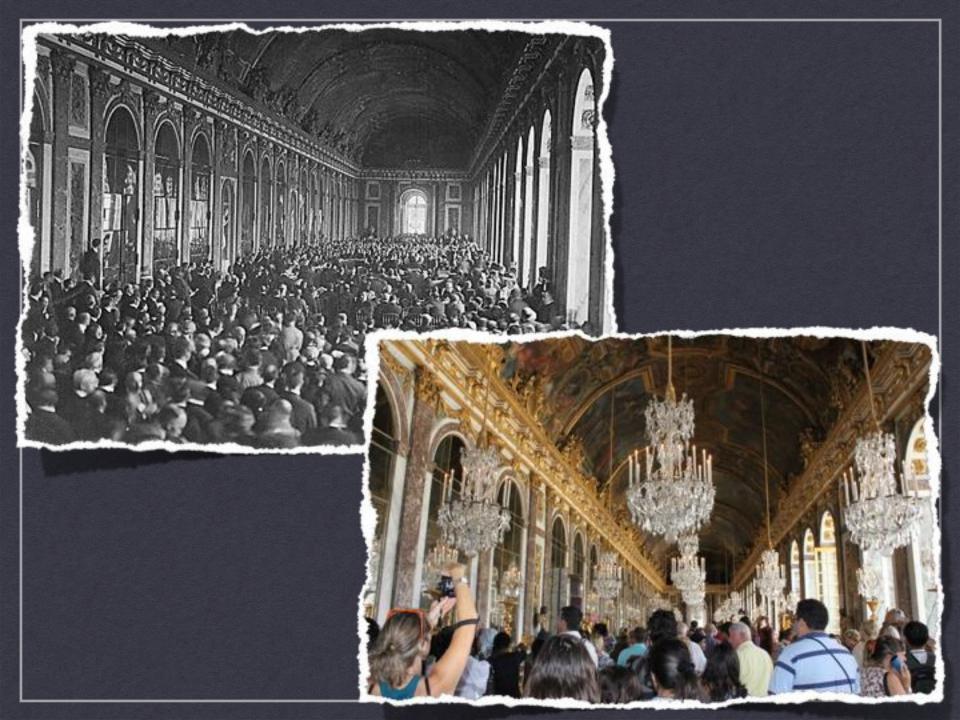
Point Fourteen

PROPOSED A LEAGUE OF NATIONS, OR A COUNCIL OF NATIONS TO SETTLE FUTURE DISPUTES & ENSURE PEACE

WHAT WAS ACHIEVED WAS The Treaty of Versalles

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THE TREATY OF VERSAILLES

Treaty that Officially ended World War I

KEY PROVISIONS

FORCED GERMANY TO ASSUME FULL BLAME FOR WWI BY SIGNING THE WAR GUILT CLAUSE

FORCED GERMANY TO PAY \$33 BILLION IN REPARATIONS

FORCED GERMANY TO DISARM TO LOOK TROOPS,

DEMILITARIZE TERRITORIES AND COLONIES

OUTLAWED THE MAKING/IMPORTING OF ARMS IN GERMANY

FORMED THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS

CREATED NEW DEMOCRATIC NATIONS FROM LOSERS TERRITORY

OPPOSITION IN THE US SENATE



WILSON Still needed Ratification by the Senate to approve the Treaty

The Senate Republicans strongly opposed the League of Nations FEARED IT WOULD PULL US INTO FUTURE EUROPEAN CONFLICTS

After suffering a stroke. Wilson is unable to compromise w/GOP

THE US SENATE REJECTS THE TREATY
OF VERSAILLES B/C OF THE LEAGUE

"THEY HAVE SHAMED US ..."

Weaknesses in The Treaty

THO THOOLS

WEAKNESSES IN THE TREATY OF VERSAILLES



W/o US membership, the League of Nations was weak, ineffective

A wrecked economy meant
Germany couldn't pay reparations

The War Guilt Clause made Germans resentful of the world

Ethnic and cultural rivalries weren't considered in new nations

No punishment if a nation violated the Treaty of Versailles

