

Reflect

Answer the Qs in the margin.

Explain what caused the civil war in China.

Why did Mao's victory shock Americans?

Why had Korea been split into 2 countries?

Focus Question: How did President Truman use the power of the presidency to limit the spread of communism in East Asia?

CHIZZ THE KOREAN WAR

Before World War II, China had been torn apart by a brutal war.

- Pro-government: Led by Jiang Jieshi; Supported by the United States
- revolutionaries: Led by Mao Zedong; Supported by the Soviet Union

During WWII, the two sides formed an uneasy alliance to fight

Once the war ended, however, civil war broke out once again, with renewed fury.

Despite U.S., Jiang's government faltered.

- Nationalist generals were reluctant to fight.
- was rampant.

Mao built support by promising to the starving population. Communist forces soon dominated.

Jiang fled to

Mao took control of the, renaming it the People's Republic of China.

Mao's victory deeply Americans.

Communists seemed to be winning everywhere, extending their reach throughout the world.

Communist regimes now controlled:

- one of the world's landmass
- one third of the world's

The next battleground was on the Korean peninsula.

After World War II, Korea was divided into two countries along theth parallel.

North Korea: The Union supported North Korea and established a communist government there.

South Korea: The United States provided aid to South Korea.

The crisis began in June, 1950.

North Korean troops, armed with Soviet equipment, crossed the 38th parallel and South Korea.

Communist forces advanced far into the South, taking over much of the peninsula.

Reflect

Answer the Qs in the margin.

What events resulted in the US entering South Korea?

Why did the US face the possibility of war with China?

What were some of the ramifications of the cease-fire?

Forces from the U.S. and other countries arrived to help their South Korean allies.

They halted their retreat near Pusan.

American troops in South Korea were led by WWII Douglas MacArthur.

MacArthur devised a bold designed to drive the invaders from South Korea.

MacArthur's plan worked.

In the fall of 1950, a surprise landing at helped UN forces push the North Koreans to the Chinese border.

The situation worsened when entered the war, sending 300,000 troops across the border into North Korea.

- The Chinese attacked U.S. and South Korean positions.
- Badly outnumbered, UN troops were forced to

During the winter of 1950 and 1951, communist forces pushed UN troops to theth parallel.

The U.S. now faced the possibility of all-out against the world's most populous nation.

MacArthur favored invading China to win a victory.

Truman refused. He favored a war to help stabilize South Korea.

By the spring of 1951, UN forces secured their position near the 38th parallel, and a tense began.

In 1953, the two sides agreed to a This agreement remains in effect today.

There was no clear winner in the Korean War, but the conflict had lasting effects in the U.S.

- Military spending
- Military commitments increase worldwide.
- **SEATO** contains communism in
- Future Presidents send the military into combat without Congressional approval.

Reflect

SUMMARY- Summarize your notes using at least 6 complete sentences:
