| »→ KEY TERMS ←« | |
|---|--|
| 1. assembly line 2. debt 3. motel 4. suburb 5. income 6. economy 7. advertising 8. manufacture 9. rural | Match the term to its definition. a. business of drawing attention to goods and services b. a business that provides lodging and parking, and the rooms are accessed by from an outdoor parking area c. relating to the country d. a way of putting together a product in a factory by moving it along a line of workers and machines e. a small community on the outskirts of a city f. money owed g. money a person is paid for work h. system of how goods and services are produced, sold, and bought i. to make something from raw materials |
| ▶•> DATES & EVENTS ←• Label each fact as true or false. If the fact is false, rewrite the fact so it is true. | |
| 10. Even though stores offered installment plans for purchases, most Americans refused to use credit to buy goods | |
| 11. Government policies in the 1920s did not favor private businesses | |
| 12. By the end of the 1920s, most families living in rural areas had electricity in their homes | |
| 13. One reason automobiles became more affordable was Henry Ford used the assembly line to produce the Model T | |
| 14. The automobile industry helped other industries become more profitable | |
| APPLY: Describe how each industry was affected (& why) during the 1920s. 15. Airplane: | |
| 2017 Igriculturur | |
| 17. Coal Mining: | |
| 18. Advertising: | |
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≫→ DATA ANALYSIS ←

Use the data from the table to create two line graphs. Include a key and labels for the x-axis, and y-axis for