Primary Sources

and

Secondary Sources

history from the point-of-view of the eyewitnesses and the non-witnesses

Reading Primary Sources





A primary source is an original source from the time period being studied.

>Reading Primary Sources

EXAMPLES:

Art from that time

artifact

Diary

Email

Speech

Newspaper article from

Quote

Letter

that time

Photo

Memoir

Video Recording

Protest

Poster

Witness Interview

Audio Recording

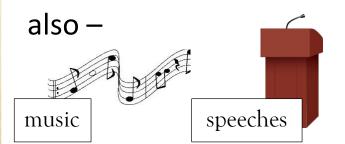
Primary v. Secondary Sources What is a primary source?

Primary Sources

Primary sources include:



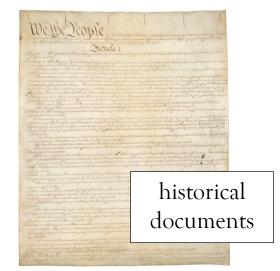






newspaper articles





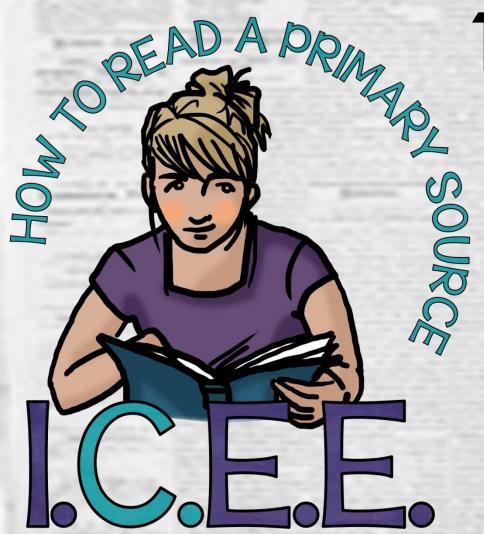
Firsthand Account

A written or spoken primary source may be referred to as a firsthand **account**. A first-hand account of an event tells about the event from the point-of-view of someone who was present when the event occurred.

A Trip on Ye Olde Mayflower, by Patience Goodbody



Reading Primary Sources



1. Identify

2. Context

3. Explore & Evaluate

1. Identify

- What type of source is it? (letter, diary, photo, etc.)
- WHO wrote/created it?
- WHEN was it written/created?
- WHERE was it written/created?
- What clues in the source help you?

2. Context

- What is the historical context of the source?
- In other words, what was happening during the time period the source was written or created?

3. Explore & Evaluate

- Read or examine the source.
- What ideas are expressed?
- What was the purpose of the source?
- Who do you think was the intended audience of this source?
- When you read or examine it, how does it make you feel?
- What questions do you have?
- What biases or stereotypes can you identify?
- What does it tell you about the time period?
- What's missing?

Reading Secondary Sources



A secondary source is not an original source from the time period being studied.

LOC: What are Primary and Secondary Sources?

> Reading Secondary Sources <

EXAMPLES:

Summary

List of Battles

Biography

Encyclopedia

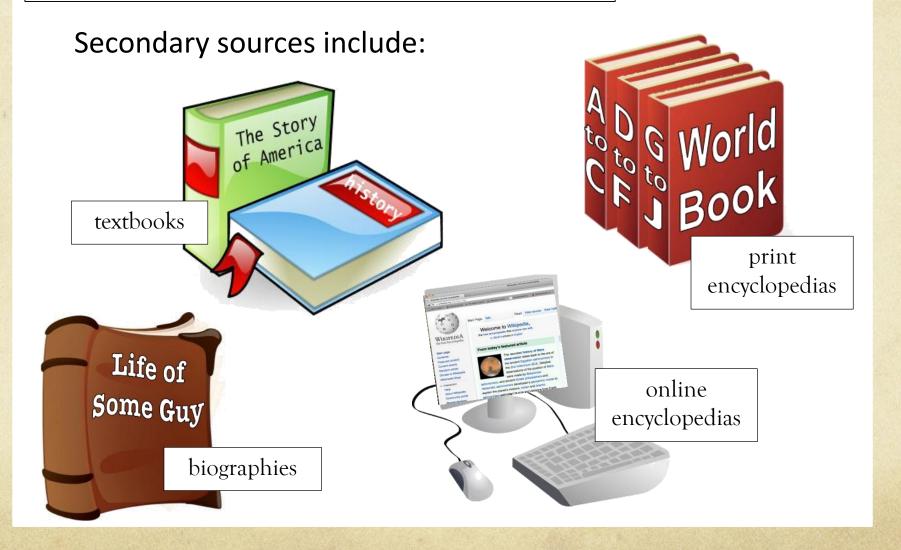
Paraphrased quote

History Book

Textbook

Reference Book

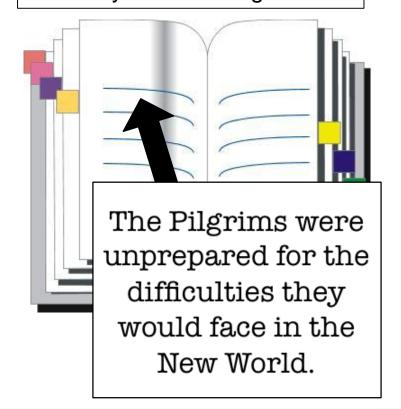
Secondary Sources



Secondhand Account

Some secondary sources may be referred to as secondhand accounts. A secondhand account describes a person, event, or moment in time from the point of view of someone who was not actually there. A secondhand account is typically based on a firsthand account.

Pilgrims and the New World, by Dr. I. M. Bright



Reading Secondary Sources



1. Scan

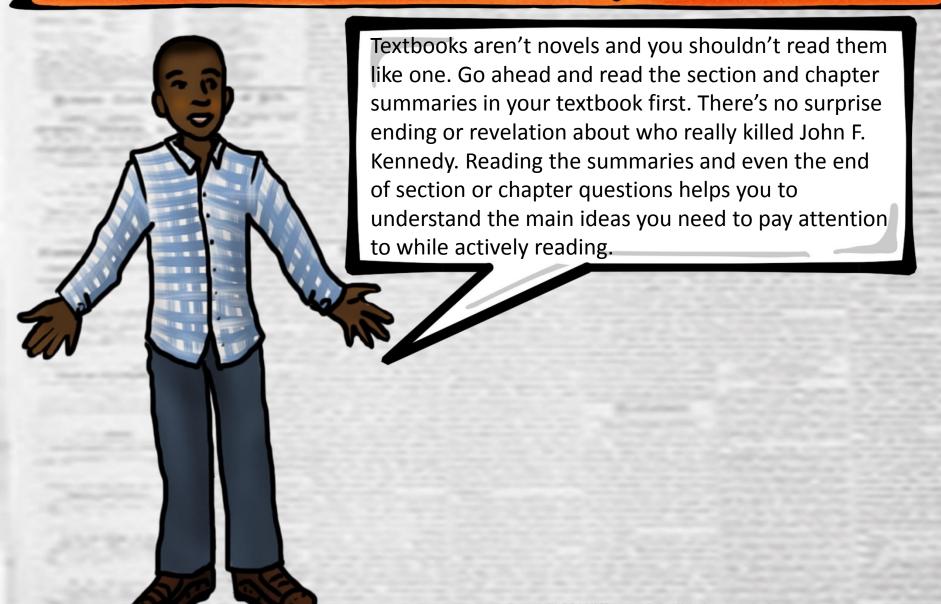
2. Actively Read

3. Review

1. Scan

Look at the chapter title, the introduction, the heading and sub-headings, the bolded words, the pictures and their captions, read the review questions at the end of the sections and/or chapter and read the chapter summary.

Reading Secondary Sources

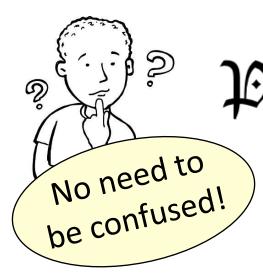


2. Actively Read

- Read a paragraph or short section.
- Pick a phrase (or a set of key words) that summarizes what the paragraph was about.
- Turn the headings and sub-headings into questions that are answered in the section (Example: U.S. Goes to War →What caused the U.S. to go to war?).
- Repeat the process until you finish the section or chapter.

3. Review

- Write down or tell someone a summary of what you just read.
- Go back to the questions you wrote and see if you can answer them (if not, read that part again).



Primary Source or Secondary Source?

Primary Sources

original records of a person's life, an event, or moment in time



FIRSTHAND ACCOUNT

Secondary Sources

tell about a person's life, an event, or a moment in time from later on



SECONDHAND ACCOUNT