American Imperialism, cont.

The US & East Asia

Filipinos Rebel

• Insurrection

• Emilio Aguinaldo and the Filipinos rebelled against the US once they realized they had a new master





Filipinos Rebel, cont.

- Déjà vu...
 - American soldiers gathered Filipinos into concentration camps
 - "I wish you to kill and burn. The more you kill and burn the better you will please me"
 - US General Jacob Smith to his soldiers



Filipinos Rebel, cont.

- "Let us all be frank. WE DO NOT WANT THE FILIPINOS. WE DO WANT THE PHILIPPINES. All of our troubles in this annexation matter have been caused by the presence in the Philippines of the Filipinos... The more of them killed, the better. It seems harsh. But they must yield before the superior race"
 - San Francisco Argonaut, 1902

Filipinos Rebel, cont.

- Americans finally captured Aguinaldo and the insurrection ended
 - 5,000 Americans died
 - US spent \$400 million
 - 200,000 Filipinos died

U.S. crushed the revolt & imposed its will:

- English the official language
- Public works introduced
- Sedition Acts & persecution silenced opposition







William Howard Taft

• Self-rule

 American governor of Philippines allowed Filipinos limited autonomy

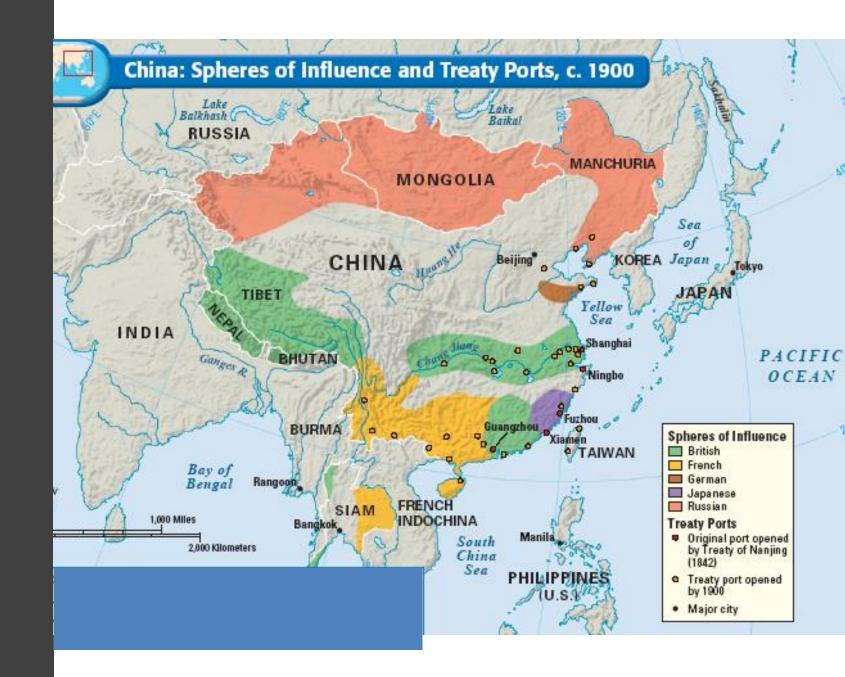
Jones Act

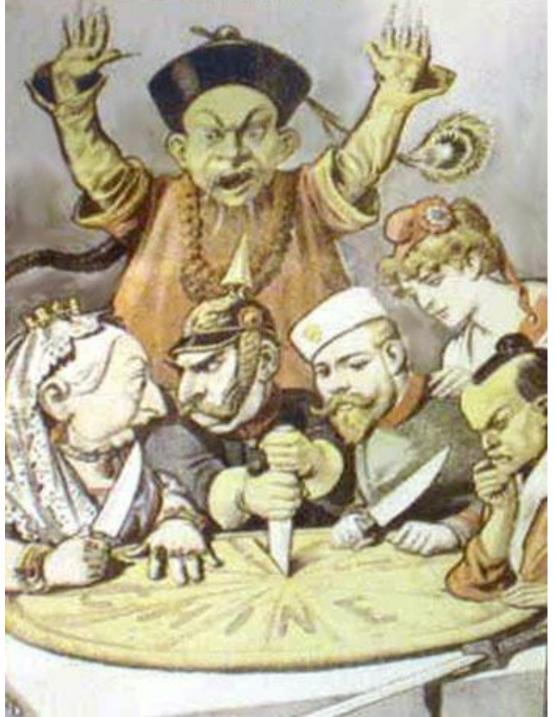
Pledge by US
 Congress to give the
 Philippines its
 independence...30
 years later

US & China

Spheres of influence

- Britain, France,
 Germany, Japan, &
 Russia carved
 China into zones
 under their control
- The US didn't have a zone, it was frozen out of Chinese trade





In this political cartoon, China is being divided up by the following:

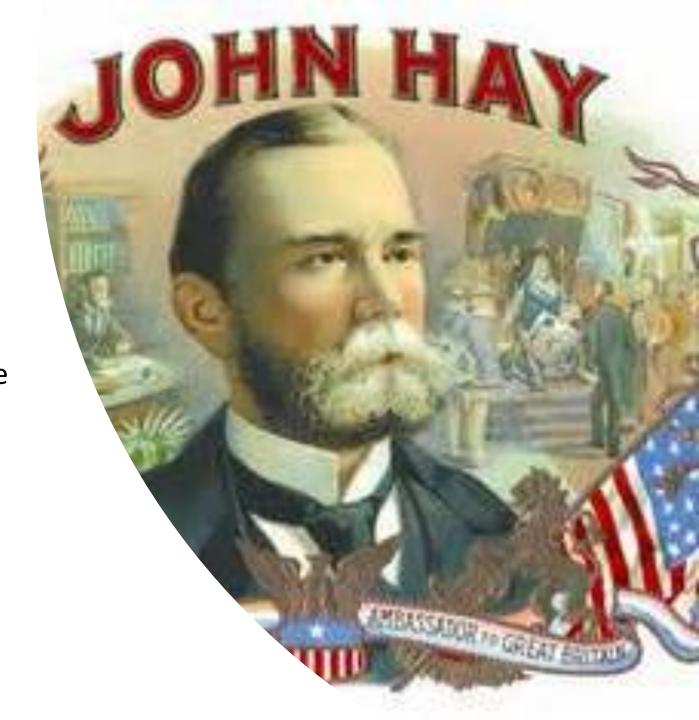
- Great Britain
- Germany
- Russia
- France
- Japan



US & China, cont.

John Hay

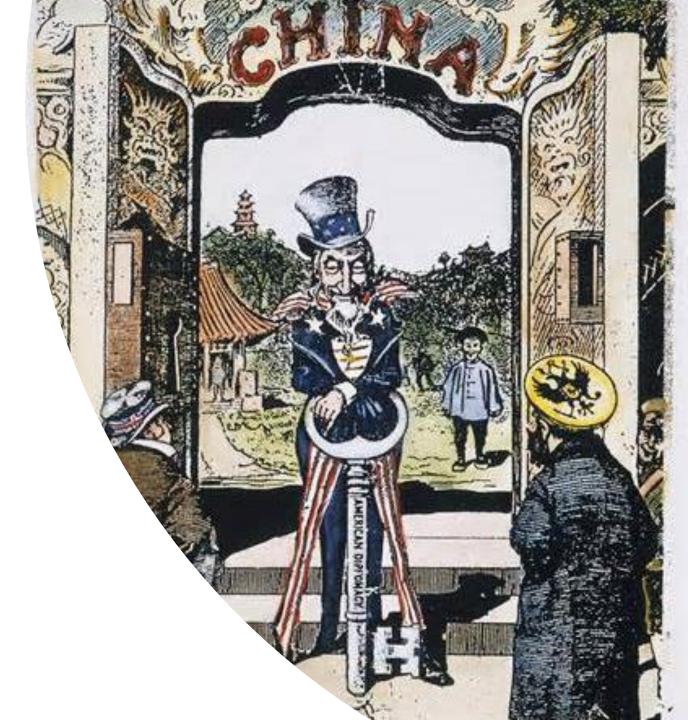
- US Secretary of State issued a warning to these nations that the US expected "equality of treatment for commerce" in China
- Opened the door for the US to intervene in China's affairs

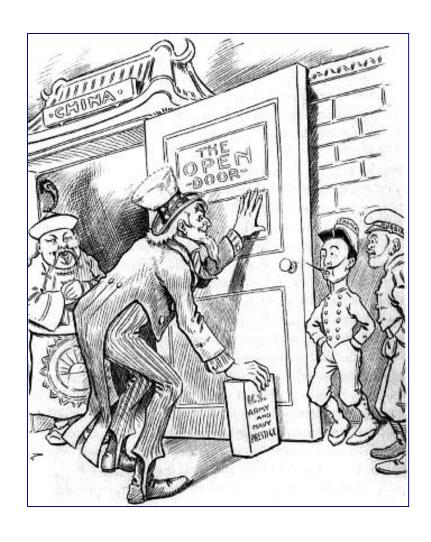


US & China, cont.

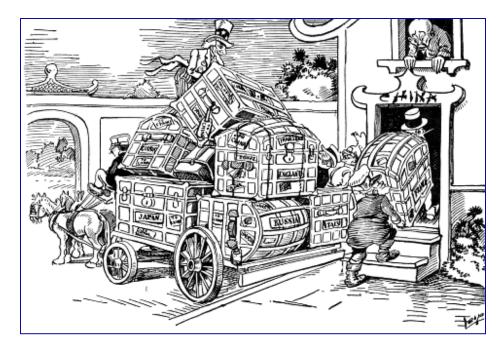
Open Door Policy

- America's policy that the US didn't want Chinese colonies, just free trade
- Commerce open to merchants of all nations – protecting U.S. trading rights
- China's independence & territory was preserved, but foreign "influence" remained.
- US even spent \$ to fund scholarships for Chinese students studying in America





The Open Door Policy



US & Japan

• Russo-Japanese War

- Japan invaded
 Manchuria (part of
 China) to protest
 Russian troops in
 China
- President Roosevelt intervened and forced the two sides to settle
 - Nobel Peace Prize



US & Japan, cont.

San Francisco School Board

 Banned Japanese, Chinese, & Korean students from attending public schools w/white students

Gentlemen's Agreement

 School board ended its segregation policy and Japan agreed to limit # of Japanese emigrating to America





The Great White Fleet: 1907







